

### **Amendments to the Claims**

The following Listing of Claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

#### **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (previously presented): A heterostructure, comprising:  
a first semiconductor layer;  
a second semiconductor layer; and  
an intermediate semiconductor layer sandwiched between the first and second semiconductor layers and forming first and second heterointerfaces respectively therewith, wherein the first and second heterointerfaces are characterized by respective polarization charge regions producing a polarization field across the intermediate semiconductor layer promoting charge carrier tunneling through the intermediate semiconductor layer, wherein the polarization field has a magnitude ( $\xi_p$ ) sufficient to align conduction band states at the Fermi level at the first heterointerface with valence band states at the Fermi level at the second heterointerface.

Claim 2 (original): The heterostructure of claim 1, wherein the intermediate semiconductor layer has a thickness (D) enabling charge carriers to tunnel through the intermediate semiconductor layer with a substantial probability.

Claim 3 (previously presented): The heterostructure of claim 2, wherein  $\xi_p$  has a value on the order of  $(E_{c,1} - E_{v,2}) / (q \cdot D)$ , wherein  $E_{c,1}$  is a relative conduction band energy at the first heterointerface,  $E_{v,2}$  is a relative valence band energy at the second heterointerface,  $q$  is a unit carrier charge, and  $D$  is the thickness of the intermediate semiconductor layer.

Claim 4 (canceled)

Claim 5 (original): The heterostructure of claim 1, wherein the first semiconductor layer is doped n-type and the second semiconductor layer is doped p-type.

Claim 6 (original): The heterostructure of claim 5, wherein the polarization field enhances a dopant-induced drift field produced between the first and second semiconductor layers.

Claim 7 (original): The heterostructure of claim 1, wherein the first and second semiconductor layers are formed from the same semiconductor material.

Claim 8 (original): The heterostructure of claim 7, wherein the first and second semiconductor layers are formed from GaN and the intermediate semiconductor layer is formed from AlGaN.

Claim 9 (original): The heterostructure of claim 7, wherein the first and second semiconductor layers are formed from GaN and the intermediate semiconductor layer is formed from InGaN.

Claim 10 (original): The heterostructure of claim 1, wherein the first, second and intermediate semiconductor layers are characterized by crystallographic structures allowing spontaneous polarization charge formation at the first and second heterointerfaces.

Claim 11 (original): The heterostructure of claim 10, wherein each of the first, second and intermediate semiconductor layers has a hexagonal crystallographic structure.

Claim 12 (original): The heterostructure of claim 10, wherein each of the first, second and intermediate semiconductor layers is formed from a III-V nitride semiconductor material.

Claim 13 (original): The heterostructure of claim 12, wherein each of the first, second and intermediate semiconductor layers is formed from a semiconductor material selected from the group consisting of: GaN, AlGaN, InGaN, AlN, InN, InAlN.

Claim 14 (original): The heterostructure of claim 10, wherein each of the first, second and intermediate semiconductor layers is formed from a II-VI semiconductor material.

Claim 15 (original): The heterostructure of claim 1, wherein each of the first and second heterointerfaces is characterized by a substantial piezoelectric charge formation.

Claim 16 (currently amended): A heterostructure, comprising:  
a semiconductor structure having a p-type region; and  
a tunnel contact structure disposed between the p-type region of the semiconductor structure and an adjacent n-type region, wherein the tunnel contact structure includes,  
a first semiconductor layer coupled to the n-type region and doped n-type,  
a second semiconductor layer coupled to the p-type region of the semiconductor structure and doped p-type, and  
an intermediate semiconductor layer sandwiched between the first and second semiconductor layers and forming first and second heterointerfaces respectively therewith, wherein the first and second heterointerfaces are characterized by respective polarization charge regions producing a polarization field across the intermediate semiconductor layer promoting charge carrier tunneling through the intermediate semiconductor layer, wherein the intermediate semiconductor layer has a thickness (D) enabling charge carriers to tunnel through the intermediate semiconductor layer with a substantial probability and the polarization field has a magnitude ( $\xi_p$ ) sufficient to align conduction band states at the Fermi level at the first heterointerface with valence band states at the Fermi level at the second heterointerface.

Claim 17 (original): The heterostructure of claim 16, wherein the semiconductor structure comprises a light emitting region.

Claims 18-19 (canceled)

Claim 20 (original): The heterostructure of claim 16, wherein each of the first, second and intermediate semiconductor layers is formed from a III-V nitride semiconductor material or a II-VI semiconductor material.

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Claim 21 (previously presented): The heterostructure of claim 1, wherein  $\xi_p$  has a magnitude sufficient to enable tunneling through the intermediate semiconductor layer at infinitesimal applied bias.